

OGDEN CITY, UTAH TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 28, 1922.

## WEBER COUNTY FARMERS ARE PLANNING ACTIVE CAMPAIGN FOR BETTER FARM RETURNS

Complete Organization Working for Improvement of Agricultural and Home Conditions; Projects for 1922 Outlined, Including Industrial and Social Activities Affecting Ogden District

By W. PRESTON THOMAS, Agricultural Agent

The Weber County Farm Bureau, through which extension activities of the county agricultural agent are carried on in this county, consist of twenty-two local farm bureaus, the presidents of which constitute the board of directors of the county organization. Five members from this body are elected by the board to form the executive committee.

The policy of the Weber County Farm Bureau is to develop in a constructive manner, the agriculture and home life of the county. The basis of improving production, marketing and home life is education.

### FACTORS DETERMINE PROGRAM

At the annual meeting of the Weber County Farm Bureau, held December 10, 1921, the county problems were discussed and those thought advisable to work upon both in the county and local organizations in 1922 were listed with instructions to submit to county committees and local bureaus for their consideration at the time definite programs were adopted.

### LIVESTOCK PROJECT

Hog Cholera.—To control Hog Cholera in Weber county. An outbreak of hog cholera occurred in the southern part of the county. It has spread over a large section before anyone became aware of its existence in the county. As soon as the facts were made known, the local health department and state veterinarian were appealed to for aid. Both responded by the organization and putting on demonstrations for vaccination. The Bureau of Animal Industry, after making a thorough investigation placed a man in charge of hog cholera for the state with office at Ogden, instructing him to work on the hog cholera outbreak in this section, until it was entirely cleaned up.

Seventeen demonstrations, vaccinating 74 hogs, were put on on vaccination of hogs, the state and government veterinarians doing the work. Each community was organized and arrangements made for the vaccination of hogs wherever there were sick hogs in the vicinity. A total of 422 hogs were vaccinated during the campaign. Since the general outbreak, there have been several cases which were promptly reported and which have been quickly taken care of.

Livestock Improvement.—To put on a campaign for better breeding and assist local breeders to secure pure-bred dairy sires. A general campaign on better breeding during the winter and spring months, emphasis being placed on the use of pure-bred sires.

Six sires were organized and arrangements made for the proper handling of the animals as a result of this campaign.

Tuberculosis Testing.—The work of testing for tuberculosis in the nine communities to be tested, was organized for the representatives of the Bureau of Animal Industry. The county was mapped out and a list of the animals made as to when the work should be done in each town. Local committees were arranged with local livestock owners for the testing, being up each day the herd to be tested, thus giving the department men full time to do actual work.

FAIRM MANAGEMENT PROJECT

Project Chairman, J. J. Gibson.—To determine the cost of producing sugar beets in Weber county.

This project was continued this season for the fifth year. 34 co-operators in the county are participating in the project. The average cost of producing an acre of sugar beets for 1921 is as follows:

Average cost of production per acre \$101.64  
Average return per acre 72.41  
Loss per acre 29.23  
Crop Pests: Sugar Beet Nematode infested fields planted in other crops and conduct an educational campaign on the seriousness of the disease.

During the winter months, Gerald Thorne of the Sugar Beet Investigator, the Amalgamated Sugar company and the county agent visited all the towns in the county where soils had become infested with sugar beet nematodes. Charts and lantern slides were used to show the seriousness of the pest and methods of control. After each meeting it was decided to request the owners of lands whose soils were infested to plant to other crops and in the majority of the towns a motion was passed requesting the sugar company not to contract with the growers for the growing of sugar beets where they were to be planted upon soils where there were evidences of nematode. This the company agreed to do whenever they had the support or backing of the local farm bureau.

The names of those who had infested fields were sent to local committees, men who made personal calls upon the parties requesting them not to plant

their soils to sugar beets this season. The results show that it was not necessary to refuse to contract with these parties by the sugar company owing to all of the owners being willing to cooperate. According to the reports from local sugar beet committees and sugar companies, 23 infested sugar beet fields were planted to other crops this season.

Ground Squirrels.—72 per cent of the ground squirrels in Ogden Valley, North Ogden, and Plain City districts were killed off by the farmers in these districts. The state and county supplied the strychnine and the bureau the flour and other materials used in making the bait. The county agent and local rodent control committee were supplied by the bureau with a signed statement from over 50 per cent of the farmers receiving poison gave the following average results per individual:

Average number pounds used per farmer, 4.2.  
Average saving per farmer \$52.98.  
Average per pound of grain used \$12.60.  
Total saving on 1500 pounds used \$18,900.  
Saving per ounce of strychnine used \$136.00.

Rats.—To conduct a rat eradication campaign. A rat eradication campaign was organized with the U. S. Biological Survey, county schools, farm bureau and extension services cooperating. Bulletin and instructions on rat eradication together with 1900 questionnaires for determining the extent of the rat invasion in the county, were sent out to the schools and local project chairman in each community. The questionnaires were returned to the extension office and tabulated, showing the rate to be present on 54 per cent of the farms in the county.

One thousand packages of poison for rats are now being distributed to local project chairman who will make local distribution.

Spawners.—Number of pounds poisoned bait used 75.  
Total number spawners killed 6,900.  
Saving of grain per pound, \$4 bushels.  
Saving in dollars per pound, \$8.40.

MARKETING.—To supply daily market information on potatoes. Daily potato market information from Denver, Kansas City, and Ogden is being supplied to the farmers in Clinton, Plain City, Riverdale, Wilson, Warren and West Weber. Freight rates to eastern markets were also given to the eastern market and the freight rates, the grower could market his crop more intelligently. To determine the actual value of such service is rather difficult. However, potatoes of ten sold in this section for 10 per cent more per hundred than in the neighborhood.

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## HOMES BUILT COST MILLION

Construction Records for Ogden, in Number of Buildings, Are Broken

More buildings were constructed in Ogden during the past year than in any previous twelve months since the city was founded. The total reaching 553, according to the city building inspector's records. There was expended on these buildings, according to the estimates filed, \$1,177,072. However, it is generally estimated that the total construction cost, passed that figure and was about \$1,500,000, the preliminary estimates on which permits were issued being very conservative.

Of the newly constructed buildings for 1921, 37 were of iron or concrete, 19 were of brick and 254 were frame. Fifty-two buildings were remodelled and 17 were moved.

The estimated cost of the 435 residences and eight apartment houses built was \$1,001,430. Besides these there were 51 business buildings constructed or altered, four industrial buildings and 59 other structures.

The number of permits and estimated cost of construction for buildings during the past ten years follows:

Year	No.	Est. Cost
1912	256	\$870,819
1913	262	\$94,211
1914	279	\$10,650
1915	240	\$52,160
1916	220	\$60,993
1917	167	\$67,118
1918	183	\$46,025
1919	318	\$1,062,560
1920	323	\$1,081,935
1921	553	\$1,177,072

Thomas H. Davis, building inspector, reports that there are many indications about construction work at the present time. As the records for January, 1922, showed an increase over the previous month in 1921 and it is expected that February will show a similar increase when totalled, records are already being established for this year. The belief is that the construction work for 1922 will even exceed that of 1921.

Sperry Flour company's great mills and elevators, located at Thirtieth street and the Union Pacific tracks. This plant is one of the most modern in the world, equipped with the finest machinery and with the largest installed capacity for handling grain and making flour in the intermountain states.



## WILD WEST TO BE HELD AGAIN OGDEN'S STOCK SHOW IS LARGE CUT-OFF WORK COST IS HUGE

Combined With Harvest Festival and Carnival Third Annual Exposition Included Some of Finest Animals in Country Expend Approximately Million and a Half Dollars on Lucin Work

By ORA BUNDY.

Arrangements have been perfected for the merging of Ogden's annual Wild West show, which proved such a popular attraction in 1921, and the Harvest Festival and Carnival which will be again revived this year, and made bigger and better than in previous years when it contributed so greatly to the civic activities of Ogden City.

Under the present arrangements, the Fashion show will conduct daily parades and afford splendid attractions during the evening for the many thousands of visitors who will be attracted to our city during the three days of celebration, and each afternoon will be given over to the Wild West show, a replica of the 1921 performance, in which will be featured some of the world's best riders and ropers, and in which the public will be treated to exhibitions of some of the best bucking horses which are secured from the intermountain country.

It is hoped to make this Ogden's annual event—a time for recreation and re-calling the spirit of the Great West and of the pioneers which still lingers among us, and in a measure to portray the early days of the range and to show the great development that has come to the great state of Utah, as a result of the arduous labor and sacrifices of our sturdy citizens.

Therefore, let us all get behind this move of the civic clubs to give to the city a fitting opportunity for recreation and amusement and let the outside world know what Ogden is and what Ogden people can do.

## MACHINERY IS MADE IN OGDEN

Manufacture and distribution of complete line of machinery and equipment for the coal mining industry, metal mining, sugar making and general industries, including transmission machinery, has been arranged by the Ogden Iron Works company, its plant at Twenty-third street and Lincoln avenue being equipped to handle all of these needs. James W. Silver is manager of the plant which is owned and operated by Ogden men.

Development of transmission machinery department has been the latest step of the iron works. In this division, the company handles ground and polished steel shafting, shaft bearings, adjustable take-up bearings, all sizes of flanged shaft couplings up to six inches, all sizes of pulleys up to 100-inch diameter, sprockets, wheels for all standard detachable chains, Hilliard friction clutches, link belt chains, pan and slack conveyors of all pitches and widths.

Coal mining equipment includes coal screening and tippie machinery, coal cars and wheels, rope rollers of the roller-bearing type, leading beams and coal conveyors. The metal mining the company supplies improved types of ore cars embodying all the latest features, in all sizes and capacities, together with head house machinery.

A partial list of the sugar machinery supplies, which includes everything for a sugar factory, follows: Diffusion batteries, juice heaters, evaporators, condensors, filter presses, sulphur stations, lime house apparatus, beet gates, trash catchers, beet wheels, picking tables and beet dumps.

Anything needed for general industrial lines is also made at the plant, giving one of the most complete lists of machinery needs in the western states.

The Ogden Livestock show has taken its place among the largest and best livestock shows held in the entire country. At the third annual show held during the first week of last January, were exhibited the finest collection of pure bred and fat cattle, sheep and swine ever assembled in the west. The show was held at the Union Stock Yards, just west of the viaduct.

This year the show was held in the large new livestock coliseum built especially for the livestock show. It is 150 feet wide by 250 feet long, and is one of the most up-to-date livestock coliseums in the country. When it was constructed it was thought to be large enough to properly house the show for years to come, but after the exhibits were all in place, it was found that every stall and pen was filled. The entire interior of the building was decorated with flags and bunting, giving the show a real holiday appearance.

Sixty-five carloads of the finest cattle, sheep and hogs were brought here for exhibition. Among them were champions and grand champions from all the largest western fairs and stock shows. A herd of Hampshire sheep just imported from England were exhibited by the Thousand Springs Farm of Wendell, Idaho. These sheep were pronounced the best ever imported from abroad and just previous to the Ogden show had won a majority of the champion and first prizes at the great Chicago International Livestock show, other exhibits at the Ogden show had just won the highest honors at the largest show of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado, Texas and Utah state fairs.

### SHOWING OF CHAMPIONS.

The Ogden Livestock show is really a showing of the champions of all the state fairs of the west, and the champions at the Ogden show were considered the champions of the west and northwest. The Ogden Livestock show is put on by the business men of Ogden to stimulate the production of more and better livestock in the intermountain country, also to build up the livestock industry here at Ogden, and to advertise to the world that Ogden is the livestock center of the intermountain territory.

The Ogden show caters especially to the boys and girls of this territory, as it is realized that the boys and girls of today will be the men and women of tomorrow, and with proper encouragement and education at this time, they will be in a position to carry forward the good work that is being done at the present time. Special prizes are given for the boys' and girls' club department and for the students' judging teams scoring the highest points in all classes of livestock. More than fifty boys competed in the students' judging contests.

The Ogden show offers over \$5,000 in cash premiums, making it worth while for exhibitors to bring their fine stock here, and compete for these prizes.

### WAS WELL ADVERTISED.

The third annual show held last January was well advertised over the entire western country. Agents brought to Ogden thousands of visitors who attended the show and partook of the hospitality of the Ogden citizens in the entertainment that was prepared for the visitors. The officers are now planning for next year's show and it will be larger and better than any of its predecessors. It will be necessary to erect a large addition to the livestock coliseum to take care of the increased entries next year, and arrangements are being made to take care of this in such a way that the ex-

Approximately \$1,500,000 is being expended by the Southern Pacific Railroad company on repair work on the Lucin cutoff over the Great Salt Lake. This constitutes the only big important improvement now under way over the entire Salt Lake division of the system. The work consists of re-decking the trestle, replacing the original deck which was laid when the trestle was built in 1902.

The new deck which will be entirely of timber, differs only in minor details, where experience has shown it should be changed, the original plan having proved to be approximately correct. The trestle extends due west over the lake for a distance of 12 miles. Three miles of the work is completed. The project will naturally occupy a great amount of time owing to traffic making it inconvenient to handle the work. It is anticipated that the improvement will be completed next year.

The Salt Lake division of the Southern Pacific system, which has its headquarters in Ogden, Utah, extends from Ogden to Reno, Nev., with branch lines running to Susanville and Westland, Calif., and from Hazen to Fallon, and Hazen to Mina, Nev. A narrow gauge branch line is also operated from Mina, Nev., to Gardnerville, Calif. The system covers 126 miles of track on both the main and branch lines.

Two divisional repair shops are maintained by the Southern Pacific—one at Ogden, and a second at Sparks, Nev. These two shops provide work for more than 1400 mechanics and helpers. Of this number of employees 775 are employed at the Ogden shops, the remainder being at Sparks. At these two shops the principal work carried on is that of repair work to the rolling stock including locomotives and cars, providing constant employment for the many mechanics.

Eighty-four clerks are employed in the superintendent's office at the Union station at Ogden. Traffic over the system, both passenger and freight during the past year was heavy and equalled that of the previous year with the exception of October, when an increase of 12 per cent of freight over the corresponding month for 1920 was noted. A considerable amount of tourist traffic is handled by the company, especially during the summer months, when tourists from the east travel over the system to the Pacific coast.

Four passenger trains east and four west are operated daily over the Salt Lake division between Ogden and Reno. These trains make connections with the Union Pacific for the eastern states.

Superintendent W. L. Hack, the new superintendent of the Salt Lake division, came to Ogden on October 1, last year, from San Francisco, succeeding Superintendent E. L. King, who was transferred to Portland, Ore., as divisional superintendent.

hibits may all be seen and housed to the best advantage.

The officers and directors of the Ogden Livestock show appreciate the help and support of all of the merchants and business men of Ogden who make this show possible by their liberal contributions, and it is realized that by so doing Ogden is being placed upon a map and talked of as the livestock center of the west, thus attracting a great many people and a great deal of business to our city.

## MILLIONS ARE ADDED FOR OGDEN THROUGH ACTIVITY OF CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Results of Industrial Endeavors During Past Three Years Are Shown in Secretary Richards' Statement; Large Amounts in Payrolls From Plants Brought to Ogden Recently

By JESSE S. RICHARDS, Secretary

The Ogden chamber of commerce is an organization through which public spirited citizens of our city may express themselves collectively on questions of community welfare and through which they may make their collective desires effective. It is based upon the well recognized principle that more can be accomplished by working together for a common purpose than by individual efforts.

The chamber of commerce does not attempt to usurp the functions of our local city government but co-operates with and assists them and all other proper agencies authorized for special purposes. Its work is to ascertain what the local problems are, formulate plans for their solution, and then proceed to solve them. The problems, as ascertained and determined upon, form its program of activities, and through the board of directors, composed of fifteen representative business men, this program is made effective to improve conditions found to need improvement, and to eliminate evils found to exist.

HELPING BUSINESS. As the welfare of our business, namely, commerce, transportation, agriculture and industry, is closely interwoven with that of the community, most of whose members are engaged in business of one of these sorts, our chamber of commerce does not confine itself to civic affairs alone, but gives a large part of its efforts to improving business conditions. It endeavors to increase production and purchasing power in the tributary area of the city, and to bring trade from outlying districts, improve marketing facilities, increase and improve the means of transportation in this territory, expand manufacturing, bring about better industrial relations, better relations between the rural business man or farmer and the city business man, extend markets, and many other practical matters of interest to the business welfare of the community.

The Ogden chamber of commerce devotes a great deal of its resources to civic affairs, to those things which relate to the development of the citizen power of the nation, of the schools, playgrounds, housing, streets and parks, libraries, vocational education, pure water, municipal utilities, public markets, public health, the city beautiful and the city clean.

It also lends its efforts to a rational solution of the problems of industry, transportation and commerce within our community.

### REASONS FOR SUPPORT

The business men of Ogden should support the Ogden chamber of commerce for the following reasons:

First—Because the chamber of commerce is the proper agency equipped to analyze and supply the city's needs. Second—Because it is now engaged in a constructive program in the best interests of the city.

W. B. Porterfield anticipates Home Building on Greater Scale Than Before

Ogden needs nothing greater for improvement and betterment than homes, according to W. B. Porterfield, general manager of the Ogden Sewer Pipe & Clay company. "During the coming summer homes are going to be constructed on a larger scale than ever and it is because of this nature is due," Mr. Porterfield states.

"We have had more inquiries for clay products during the past six months than at any time in the previous two years which shows that conditions are on the upward trend," said Mr. Porterfield.

A number of cities and towns in this vicinity are contemplating the installation of modern sewer systems during the coming summer, which also should add to the betterment of conditions. We feel that the crisis in the period of hard times has passed to the rear and we are optimistic over the future."

Mr. Porterfield has been associated with the Ogden Sewer Pipe & Clay company since 1903 in Ogden and is one of the ardent boosters for a bigger, cleaner and greater Ogden.

The firm of which he is manager handles the following everlasting clay products: building blocks, segment blocks, septic tanks, soil dams, meter boxes, sewer pipe, culvert pipe, conduit pipe, glazed tile, drain tile, well pipe, wall coping, flashing blocks, flue lining, grain tanks, fire brick and chimney brick.

The firm was established in 1899 and is rated as one of the leaders in the intermountain country in their respective lines of business.

Besides handling an A-1 grade of everlasting clay products the company also handles a high grade of Utah coal. The plant is located at Twenty-ninth street and Pacific avenue.

Interests of the city, both industrial and civic.

Third—Because the time has come when business must take an active interest in civic growth, and if this interest is to make itself felt, it must be organized and representative. The chamber of commerce is the logical organization for such representation.

Fourth—Because the chamber's past record has shown that it is interested in the complete, well rounded development of this city, and that it is ever ready to aid and encourage anything which tends to build up and improve Ogden.

Fifth—Because the need for concentrated effort on civic development and unified action on civic betterment was never greater than now, and the vigorous support of every intelligent citizen is imperative.

Sixth—Lastly, because affiliation with the chamber of commerce operates to the advantage of the business man by presenting opportunity to meet other business men on a common ground, and to establish good connections and to assist other businesses both in existence here and prospective.

If there is a member of the Ogden chamber of commerce who feels that his contribution to the chamber of commerce is not worth while, let him glance at the following figures:

The chamber has, in the past three years, collected and dispersed only \$28,000. In that same time, its activities have aided in bringing to Ogden \$5,738,000. And in this list, we have taken only the major activities. Hundreds of smaller ones could be added.
The Sperry Mills spent for building materials.....\$1,000,000
The Sperry Mills spent for labor.....500,000
The Sperry payroll for three years.....600,000
The Globe Mills spent for materials.....1,000,000
The Globe Mills spent for labor.....450,000
The Sperry Mills spent for labor.....525,000
The Bureau of Roads, three year salaries.....368,000
The Ogden Arsenal spent for materials.....200,000
The Ogden Arsenal spent for labor.....650,000
The chamber fought for road funds amounting to.....200,000
Increased railroad payroll, because of increase in activity in Ogden, approximately.....200,000
Saved to advertisers by censorship of chamber.....45,000
Total.....\$5,738,000

Do you think that the general financial tone of the city has been improved by putting this money into circulation? Do you think the chamber did well to bring one dollar into our circulation for every five mills spent?

The chamber of commerce has compiled and had printed twenty-six pamphlets telling of the resources and beauty spots of Ogden and vicinity. Several thousands of these pamphlets are annually mailed to all parts of the United States to prospective visitors and home-seekers who write to the chamber of commerce for this information.

With a continuance of the splendid support which has been given the chamber in the past, we will try to maintain the reputation of Ogden, as the real live, commercial, industrial and livestock center of the intermountain country.

## FOUR MILLS ARE ENLARGED

Associated Farmers Company Has Plants at Riverdale and Hyrum

Starting six years ago with a 25-barrel capacity flour mill, the Associated Farmers Milling company of Ogden has expanded until now it has two plants, one in Riverdale and the other in Hyrum, with a milling capacity of two barrels of flour each day. William Stimpson is president of the company and C. W. Stimpson is the manager.

The company's first plant was erected at Riverdale and a 25-barrel mill was installed. Two years ago this was increased to a 50-barrel mill, with entirely new machinery. A year or so ago the Hyrum plant was purchased and remodelled to a 50-barrel mill. Two enlargements have been made in the storage capacity of the Ogden plant as well.

### ONCE MORE THRILLED

SABETHA, Kansas.—Mrs. Bertha Perkins, who will be 98 years old next April, found a real thrill recently when three additional great-grand children arrived in three Sabetha homes, within a period of 48 hours. They brought the number of her descendants up to 274.

# National Canned Foods Week, March 1 to 8